



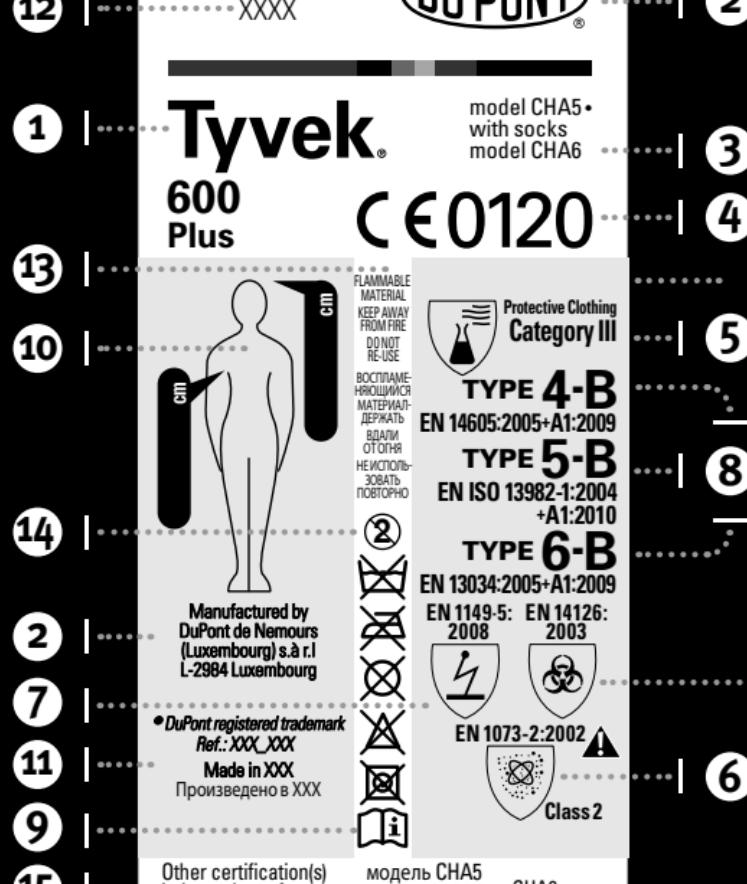
Tyvek®

SCIENCE
THAT PROTECTS

600
Plus

Cat.III
PROTECTION
LEVEL

MODEL CHA5 •
with socks MODEL CHA6



EN • Instructions for Use

BODY MEASUREMENTS CM



Size	Chest girth	Body height
XS	76 - 84	156 - 164
S	84 - 92	162 - 170
M	92 - 100	168 - 176
L	100 - 108	174 - 182
XL	108 - 116	180 - 188
2XL	116 - 124	186 - 194
3XL	124 - 132	192 - 200
4XL	132-140	200 - 208
5XL	140-148	208 - 216
6XL	148-156	208 - 216
7XL	156-162	208 - 216

THE FIVE CARE PICTOGRAMS INDICATE

Do not wash. Laundering impacts upon protective performance (e. g. antistat will be washed off). • Nicht waschen. Waschen hat Auswirkungen auf die Schutzleistung (z.B. ist der Schutz gegen statische Aufladung nicht mehr gewährleistet). • Ne pas laver. Le nettoyage à l'eau altère les performances de protection (le traitement antistatique disparaît au lavage, par ex.). • Non lavare. Il lavaggio danneggia le caratteristiche protettive (eliminando, ad esempio, il trattamento antistatico). • Não lavar: el lavado afecta a la capacidad de protección (p.ej. pérdida del revestimiento antiestático). • Não lavar. A lavagem produzirá impactos no desempenho da proteção (ex.: o efeito anti-estático desaparecerá). • Não lavar. A lavagem produzirá impactos no desempenho da proteção (ex.: o efeito anti-estático desaparecerá). • Tåler ikke vask. Vask påvirker beskyttelsesegenskaperne (f. eks. vil den antistatiske beskyttelsen vaskes bort.). • Må ikke vaskes. Tøvask påvirker de beskyttende egenskaber (f. eks. vil den antistatiske behandling blive vasket af.). • Får ej tvättas. Tvättning påverkar skyddsformgången (antistatbehandlingen tvättas bort). • Ei saa pestä. Peseminen vaikuttaa suojaustehoon (mm. antistaattiusuusaine poistuu pesussa). • Nie prąć. Pranie pogarsza właściwości ochronne (np. środek antystatyczny zostanie usunięty podczas prania). • Ne mossa. A mosás hatással van a ruha védekképességére (pl. az antisztatikus réteg lemosódik). • Neprat. Praní má dopad na ochranné vlastnosti oděvu (např. smývání antistatické vrstvy). • Не пери. Машинното пране въздейства върху защитното действие (например антистатикът ще се отмие). • Neprat. Pranie má vplyv na ochranné vlastnosti odevu (napr. zmývanie antistatickej vrstvy). • Ne prati. Pranje in likanje negativno učinkujeta na varovalne lastnosti (npr. zaščita pred elektrostatičnim nabojem se spere). • Nu spălați. Spălarea afectează calitatea de protectie (de ex. protecția contra electricității statice dispăre). • Не сирайт. Стирка влияет на защитные характеристики (например, смывается антистатический состав). • Neskalbti. Skalbimas kenkia apsaugai (pvz., nusiplauna antistatinė apsauga). • Nemazgāt. Mazgāšana var ieteiktā tērpa aizsargfunkcijas. (piem. var nomazgāt antistata pārkājumu). • Mitte pesta. Pesemine möjutab kaitseomadusi (nt antistatik voidakse välja pesta). • Yıkamayın. Yıkama, koruma performansını etkiler (örneğin antistatik özellik kaybolur). • Μη πλένετε τη φόρμα. Το πλύσιμο επηρεάζει την πορεχόμενη προστασία (π.χ. η φόρμα θα χάσει τις αντιστατικές της ιδιότητες).



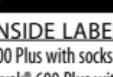
Do not iron. • Nicht bügeln. • Ne pas repasser. • Non stirare. • No planchar. • Não passar a ferro. • Niet strijken. • Skal ikke strykes. • Må ikke stryges. • Får ej strykas. • Ei saa siittää. • Nie prasować. • Ne vasalja. • Nežehlit. • Не глади. • Nežehlit. • Ne likati. • Nu călcăti cu fierul de călcat. • Не гладить. • Nelyginti. • Negludināt. • Mitte trikida. • Ütulemeyin. • Απαγορεύεται το σιδέρωμα.



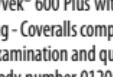
Do not machine dry. • Nicht im Wäschetrockner trocknen. • Ne pas sécher en machine. • Non asciugare nell'asciugatrice. • No usar secadora. • Não colocar na máquina de secar. • Niet machinaal drogen. • Må ikke tørkes i trommel. • Må ikke torretumbles. • Får ej torktumlas. • Ei saa kuivattaa koneellisesti. • Nie suszyć w suszarce. • Ne szárítás géppel. • Nesušít v sušičke. • Не суши машинно. • Nesušít v sušičke. • Не суши в stroju. • Nu puneti în mașina de uscat rufe. • Не подвергать машинной стирке. • Nedžiovinti džiovykleje. • Neveikt automātisko žāvēšanu. • Ärge masinkuivatage. • Kurutma makinesinde kurutmayın. • Απαγορεύεται η χρήση στεγνωτρίου.



Do not dry clean. • Nicht chemisch reinigen. • Ne pas nettoyer à sec. • Non lavare a secco. • No limpiar en seco. • Não limpar a seco. • Niet chemisch reinigen. • Må ikke renses. • Må ikke kemisk renses. • Får ej kemtvättas. • Ei saa puhtaa kemiallisesti. • Nie czyszcć chemicznie. • Ne tiszítse vegyleg. • Nedzistiť chemicky. • Не почистай через химическо чистене. • Nečistiť chemicky. • Не кемично чисти. • Nu curățați chimic. • Не подвергать химической чистке. • Nevalyti cheminiu būdu. • Neveikt kīmisko tīršanu. • Ärge püütke puahastada. • Kuru temizleme yapmayın. • Απαγορεύεται το στεγνό καθάρισμα.



Do not bleach. • Nicht bleichen. • Ne pas utiliser de javel. • Non candeggiare. • No usar lejía. • Não usar lixivia. • Niet bleken. • Må ikke blekes. • Må ikke bleges. • Får ej blekas. • Ei saa valkaista. • Nie wybielać. • Ne fehérítse. • Nebélít. • Не избелтай. • Nepoužívať bielidlo. • Не beliti. • Nu folosiți înălbitorii. • Не отбелювай. • Nebalinti. • Nebalināt. • Ärge valgendale. • Çamaşır suyu kullanmayın. • Απαγορεύεται η χρήση λευκαντικού.



ENGLISH

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

INSIDE LABEL MARKINGS ① Trademark. ② Overall manufacturer. ③ Model identification - Tyvek® 600 Plus model CHA5 and Tyvek® 600 Plus with socks model CHA6 are the model names for hooded protective coveralls with overtaped seams and cuff, ankle, facial and waist elastication.

Tyvek® 600 Plus with socks model CHA6 has additionally integrated socks. This instruction for use provides information on these coveralls. ④ CE marking - Coveralls comply with requirements for category III personal protective equipment according to European legislation, Regulation (EU) 2016/425. Type-examination and quality assurance certificates were issued by SGS United Kingdom Ltd, Weston-super-Mare, BS22 6WA, UK, identified by the EC Notified Body number 0120. ⑤ Indicates compliance with European standards for chemical protective clothing. ⑥ Protection against particulate radioactive contamination according to EN 1073-2:2002. ▲ EN 1073-2 clause 4.2. requires resistance to ignition. However resistance to ignition was not tested on these coveralls. ⑦ These coveralls are antistatically treated and offer electrostatic protection according to EN 1149-1:2006 including EN 1149-5:2008 when properly grounded. ⑧ Full-body protection "types" achieved by these coveralls defined by the European standards for chemical protective clothing: EN 14605:2005+A1:2009 (Type 4), EN ISO 13982-1:2004+A1:2010 (Type 5) and EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 (Type 6). These coveralls also fulfil the requirements of EN 14126:2003 Type 4-B, 5-B and 6-B. ⑨ Wearer should read these instructions for use. ⑩ Sizing pictogram indicates body measurements (cm) & correlation to letter code. Check your body measurements and select the correct size. ⑪ Country of origin. ⑫ Date of manufacture. ⑬ Flammable material. Keep away from fire. These garments and/or fabric are not flame resistant and should not be used around heat, open flame, sparks or in potentially flammable environments. ⑭ Do not re-use. ⑮ Other certification(s) information independent of the CE marking and the European notified body.

PERFORMANCE OF THESE COVERALLS:

FABRIC PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Test	Test method	Result	EN Class*
Abrasion resistance	EN 530 Method 2	> 100 cycles	2/6***
Flex cracking resistance	EN ISO 7854 Method B	> 100 000 cycles	6/6***
Trapezoidal tear resistance	EN ISO 9073-4	> 10 N	1/6
Tensile strength	EN ISO 13934-1	> 60 N	2/6
Puncture resistance	EN 863	> 10 N	2/6
Surface resistance at RH 25% **	EN 1149-1:2006 • EN 1149-5:2008	inside and outside $\leq 2,5 \times 10^6 \Omega$	N/A

N/A = Not applicable * According to EN 14325:2004 ** See limitations of use *** Visual end point

FABRIC RESISTANCE TO PENETRATION BY LIQUIDS (EN ISO 6530)

Chemical	Penetration index - EN Class*	Repellency index - EN Class*
Sulphuric acid (30%)	3/3	3/3
Sodium hydroxide (10%)	3/3	3/3

* According to EN 14325:2004

FABRIC AND TAPE SEAMS RESISTANCE TO PERMEATION BY LIQUIDS (EN ISO 6529 METHOD A - BREAKTHROUGH TIME AT 1 µg/cm²/min)

Chemical	Breakthrough time (min)	EN Class*
Sulphuric acid (18%)	> 480	6/6
Sulphuric acid (30%)	> 240	5/6

* According to EN 14325:2004

FABRIC RESISTANCE TO PENETRATION OF INFECTIVE AGENTS

Test	Test method	EN Class*
Resistance to penetration by blood and body fluids using synthetic blood	ISO 16603	3/6
Resistance to penetration by blood-borne pathogens using bacteriophage Phi-X174	ISO 16604 Procedure C	no classification
Resistance to penetration by contaminated liquids	EN ISO 22610	1/6
Resistance to penetration by biologically contaminated aerosols	ISO/DIS 22611	1/3
Resistance to penetration by biologically contaminated dust	ISO 22612	1/3

* According to EN 14126:2003

WHOLE SUIT TEST PERFORMANCE

Test method	Test result	EN Class
Type 4: High level spray test (EN ISO 17491-4, Method B)	Pass	N/A
Type 5: Particle aerosol inward leakage test (EN ISO 13982-2)	Pass*** • $L_{\text{in}} / L_{\text{out}} \leq 30\%$ • $L_{\text{in}} / L_{\text{out}} \leq 15\%$ **	N/A
Protection factor according to EN 1073-2	> 50	2/3***
Type 6: Low level spray test (EN ISO 17491-4, Method A)	Pass	N/A
Seam strength (EN ISO 13935-2)	> 75 N	3/6*

N/A = Not applicable *According to EN 14325:2004 ** 82/90 means 91,1 % L_{in} values $\leq 30\%$ and 8/10 means 80 % L_{in} values $\leq 15\%$

*** Test performed with taped cuffs, hood and ankles

For further information about the barrier performance, please contact your supplier or DuPont: www.ipp.dupont.com

RISKS AGAINST WHICH THE PRODUCT IS DESIGNED TO PROTECT: These coveralls are designed to protect workers from hazardous substances, or sensitive products and processes from contamination by people. They are typically used, depending on chemical toxicity and exposure conditions, for protection against particles (Type 5), limited liquid splashes or sprays (Type 6) or intensive liquid sprays as defined in the Type 4 high level spray test. A full face mask with filter appropriate for the exposure conditions and tightly connected to the hood and additional taping around the hood, cuffs and ankles are required to achieve the claimed protection. Fabric used for these coveralls has been tested according to EN 14126:2003 (protective clothing against infective agents) with the conclusion that the material offers a limited barrier against infective agents (see above table).

LIMITATIONS OF USE: These garments and/or fabric are not flame resistant and should not be used around heat, open flame, sparks or in potentially flammable environments. Tyvek® melts at 135°C. It is possible that a type of exposure to bio hazards not corresponding to the tightness level of the garment may lead to a bio-contamination of the user. Exposure to certain very fine particles, intensive liquid sprays and splashes of hazardous substances may require coveralls of higher mechanical strength and barrier properties than those offered by these coveralls. The user must ensure suitable reagent to garment compatibility before use. In addition, the user shall verify the fabric and chemical permeation data for the substance(s) used. The hood is designed to fulfill Type 4 requirements without exterior taping to the full-face mask (for compatibility advice please contact DuPont or your supplier). For enhanced protection and to achieve the claimed protection in certain applications, taping of cuffs, ankles and hood will be necessary. The user shall verify that tight taping is possible in case the application would require doing so. Care shall be taken when applying the tape, that no creases appear in the fabric or tape since those could act as channels. When taping the hood, small pieces (+/- 10 cm) of tape should be used and overlap. These coveralls can be used with or without thumb loops. The thumb loops of these coveralls should only be used with a double glove system, where the wearer puts the thumb loop over the under glove and the second glove should be worn over the garment sleeve. For maximum protection, taping of the outer glove to the sleeve must be used. Tyvek 600 Plus with socks model CHA6 has integrated socks that must be worn inside the appropriate safety footwear. These garments meet the surface resistance requirements of EN 1149-5:2008 when measured according to EN 1149-1:2006. The antistatic treatment is only effective in a relative humidity of 25% or above and the user shall ensure proper grounding of both the garment and the wearer. The electrostatic dissipative performance of both the suit and the wearer needs to be continuously achieved in such a way as the resistance between the person wearing the electrostatic dissipative protective clothing and the earth shall be less than 10⁹ Ohm e.g. by wearing adequate footwear/flooring system, use of a grounding cable, or by any other suitable means. Electrostatic dissipative protective clothing shall not be opened or removed whilst in presence of flammable or explosive atmospheres or while handling flammable or explosive substances. Electrostatic dissipative protective clothing shall not be used in oxygen enriched atmospheres without prior approval of the responsible safety engineer. The electrostatic dissipative performance of the electrostatic dissipative clothing can be affected by relative humidity, wear and tear, possible contamination and ageing. Electrostatic dissipative protective clothing shall permanently cover all non-complying materials during normal use (including bending and movements). In situations where static dissipation level is a critical performance property, endusers should evaluate the performance of their entire ensemble as worn including outer garments, inner garments, footwear and other PPE. Further information on grounding can be provided by DuPont. Please ensure that you have chosen the garment suitable for your job. For advice, please contact your supplier or DuPont. The user shall perform a risk analysis upon which he shall base his choice of PPE. He shall be the sole judge for the correct combination of full body protective coverall and ancillary equipment (gloves, boots, respiratory protective equipment etc.) and for how long these coveralls can be worn on a specific job with respect to its protective performance, wear comfort or heat stress. DuPont shall not accept any responsibility whatsoever for improper use of these coveralls.

PREPARING FOR USE: In the unlikely event of defects, do not wear the coverall.

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT: These coveralls may be stored between 15 and 25°C in the dark (cardboard box) with no UV light exposure. DuPont has performed natural and accelerated ageing tests with the conclusion that this fabric retains adequate physical strength and barrier properties over a period of 10 years. The antistatic properties may reduce over time. The user must ensure the dissipative performance is sufficient for the application. Product shall be transported and stored in its original packaging.

DISPOSAL: These coveralls can be incinerated or buried in a controlled landfill without harming the environment. Disposal of contaminated garments is regulated by national or local laws.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY: Declaration of conformity can be downloaded at: www.safespec.dupont.co.uk.

Additional information for other certification(s) independent of CE marking.

Eurasian Conformity (EAC) - Complies with Technical Regulations of the Customs Union TRTS 019/2011.

Евразийское соответствие (ЕАС) - Соответствует Техническому регламенту Таможенного союза ТР ТС 019/2011.

Комбинезон



TP TC 019/2011

Уровень Защиты

K50, Ш50, Пм, Вн